## Be More Involved

Kids who are close to their parents are the least likely to engage in risky behaviors. The more involved you are in your children's lives, the more valued they'll feel, and the more likely they'll be to respond to you. Try to schedule regular get-togethers with your children.

- Establish "together time." Establish a regular weekly routine for doing something special with your child — even if it's just going out for ice cream. Even a few minutes of conversation while you're cleaning up after dinner or right before bedtime can help the family catch up and establish the open communication that is essential to raising drugfree children.
- 2. Have family meetings. Held regularly at a mutually agreed upon time, family meetings provide a forum for discussing triumphs, grievances, projects, questions about discipline, and any topic of concern to a family member. Ground rules help. Everyone gets a chance to talk; one person talks at a time without interruption; everyone listens, and only positive, constructive feedback is allowed. To get resistant children to join in, combine the gettogether with incentives such as post-meeting pizza or assign them important roles such as recording secretary or rule enforcer.
- 3. Don't be afraid to ask where your kids are going, who they'll be with and what they'll be doing. Get to know your kid's friends and their parents so you're familiar with their activities.
- 4. **Try to be there after school.** The "danger zone" for drug use is between 4 and 6 PM; arrange flex time at work if you can. If your child will be with friends, make sure there's adult supervision not just an older sibling.
- 5. **Eat meals together as often as you can.** Meals are a great opportunity to talk about the day's events, to unwind, reinforce and bond. Studies show that kids whose families eat together at least 5 times a week are less likely to be involved with drugs or alcohol.

Source: The National Youth Anti-Drug Media Campaign's Behavior Change Expert Panel.